

## NIC

- They gaze at rich revenues which you hold,  
And fain would nibble at your grandame gold.  
But if you would be nibbling, here is a hand to stay your stomach.  
*Dryden.*  
Plunging himself in mud, and then lifting up his head a little, he casts out the said string; which the little fishes taking for a worm, and nibbling at it, he immediately plucks them both in together.  
*Grew's Museum.*
2. To carp at; to find fault with.  
Instead of returning a full answer to my book, he manifestly falls a nibbling at one single passage in it.  
*Tillot. Pref.*
- NIBBLER. *n. f.* [from nibble.] One that bites by little at a time.  
NICE, *adj.* [nece, Saxon, soft.]
1. Accurate in judgment to minute exactness; superfluously exact. It is often used to express a culpable delicacy.  
Such a man was Argalus, as hardly the nicest eye can find a spot in.  
*Sidney.*  
He that stands upon a slippery place,  
Makes nice of no vile hold to stay him up.  
Nor be so nice in taste myself to know,  
If what I swallow be a thrush or no.  
*Sha. K. John.*  
Thus critics, of less judgment than caprice,  
Curious, not knowing, not exact, but nice,  
Form their ideas, and offend in arts,  
As most in manners, by a love to parts.  
*Pope on Crit.*  
Our author, happy in a judge so nice,  
Produce'd his play, and begg'd the knight's advice.  
*Pope.*
2. Delicate; scrupulously and minutely cautious.  
The letter was not nice, but full of charge  
Of dear import.  
Dear love! continue nice and chaste;  
For if you yield, you do me wrong;  
Let duller wits to love's end haste,  
I have enough to woo thee long.  
*Donne.*  
Of honour men at first like women nice,  
Raise maiden scruples at unpractis'd vice.  
*E. Hallifax.*  
Having been compiled by Gratian, in an ignorant age, we ought not to be too nice in examining it.  
*Baker*
3. Fastidious; squeamish.  
God hath here  
Varied his bounty so with new delights,  
As may compare with heaven; and to taste,  
Think not I shall be nice.  
*Milt. Par. Lost.*
4. Easily injured; delicate.  
With how much ease is a young muse betray'd?  
How nice the reputation of the maid?  
*Rescommen.*
5. Formed with minute exactness.  
Indulge me but in love, my other passions  
Shall rise and fall by virtue's nice rules.  
*Addison's Cato.*
6. Requiring scrupulous exactness.  
Supposing an injury done, it is a nice point to proportion the reparation to the degree of the indignity.  
*L'Estrange.*  
My progress in making this nice and troublesome experiment, I have set down more at large.  
*Newton's Opt.*
7. Refined.  
A nice and subtle happiness I see  
Thou to thyself propolest, in the choice  
Of thy associates, Adam; and wilt taste  
No pleasure, tho' in pleasure solitary.  
*Milt. P. Lost.*
8. Having lucky hits. This signification is not in use.  
When my hours  
Were nice and lucky, men did random lives  
Of me for jests.  
*Shakesf. Ant. and Cleopatra.*
- NICELY, *adv.* [from nice.]
1. Accurately; minutely; scrupulously.  
These kind of knaves in this plainness  
Harbour more craft, and more corrupter ends,  
Than twenty silky ducking observants  
That stretch their duties nicely.  
*Shakesfear's K. Lear.*  
What mean those ladies which, as tho'  
They were to take a clock to pieces, go  
So nicely about the bride?  
*Donne.*  
He ought to study the grammar of his own tongue, that he may understand his own country-speech nicely, and speak it properly.  
*Locke.*  
The next thing of which the doses ought to be nicely determined, are opiates.  
*Arbutnot on Cato.*  
At nicely carving shew thy wit;  
But ne'er presume to eat a bit.  
*Swift's Miscell.*
2. Delicately.  
The inconveniences attending the best of governments, we quickly feel, and are nicely sensible of the share that we bear in them.  
*Atterbury.*
- NICENESS, *n. f.* [from nice.]
1. Accuracy; minute exactness.  
Where's now that labour'd niceness in thy dress,  
And all those arts that did the spark express?  
*Dryden.*
2. Superfluous delicacy or exactness.  
A strange niceness were it in me to refrain that from the ears of a person representing so much worthiness, which I am glad even to rocks and woods to utter.  
*Sidney.*

## NIC

- Unlike the niceness of our modern dames,  
Affected nymphs, with new affected names.  
Nor place them where  
Roast crabs offend the niceness of their nose.  
*Dryden.*
- NICETY, *n. f.* [from nice.]
1. Minute accuracy of thought.  
Nor was this nicety of his judgment confined only to literature, but was the same in all other parts of art.  
*Prior.*
2. Accurate performance.  
As for the workmanship of the old Roman pillars, the ancients have not kept to the nicety of proportion and the rules of art so much as the moderns.  
*Addison on Italy.*
3. Fastidious delicacy; squeamishness.  
He them with speeches meet  
Does fair intreat; no courting nicety,  
But simple true, and eke unfeigned sweet.  
*Fair 2.*  
So love doth loath disdainful nicety.  
*Shayler.*
4. Minute observation; punctilious discrimination; subtlety.  
If reputation attend these conquests, which depend on the fineness and niceties of words, it is no wonder if the wit of men so employed, should perplex and subtilize the signification of sounds.  
*Locke.*  
His conclusions are not built upon any niceties, or fallacious and uncommon appearances, but on the most simple and obvious circumstances of these terrestrial bodies.  
*Woods.*
5. Delicate management; cautious treatment.  
Love such nicety requires,  
One blast will put out all his fires.  
*Swift's Poem.*
6. Effeminate softness.  
7. Niceties, in the plural, is generally applied to dainties or delicacies in eating.
- NICHAR, *n. f.*  
The characters are: it hath a polypetalous or a monopetalous flower, cut very deeply into several segments, but is almost of an anomalous figure; from whose calyx arises the pointal, which afterwards becomes a pod, beset all over with prickles, in which are contained one or two round hard seeds.  
*Miller.*
- NICHE, *n. f.* [French.] A hollow in which a statue may be placed.  
Niches, containing figures of white stone or marble, should not be coloured in their concavity too black.  
*Wotton.*  
They not from temples, nor from gods refrain,  
But the poor lares from the niches seize,  
If they be little images that please.  
*Dryden.*  
On the south a long majestic race  
Of Egypt's priestess, the gilded niches grace.  
*Pope.*  
The heirs to titles and large estates are well enough qualified to read pamphlets against religion and high-flying, whereby they fill their niches, and carry themselves through the world with that dignity which best becomes a senator and a squire.  
*Swift's Miscellany.*
- NICK, *n. f.* [nick, Teutonic, the twinkling of an eye.]
1. Exact point of time at which there is necessity or convenience.  
That great instrument of state had foreknowledge of it, but suffered the fatal thread to be spun out to that length for some politick respects, and then to cut it off in the very nick.  
*Howell's Peal Parag.*
- What in our watches that in us is found,  
So to the height and nick we up be wound,  
No matter by what hand or trick.  
*Swelling.*  
That trick,  
Had it come in the nick,  
Had touch'd us to the quick.  
*Donham.*  
Though dame fortune seem to smile,  
And leer upon him for a while;  
She'll after shew him in the nick  
Of all his glories a dog trick.  
*Hudibras, p. i. cant. 3.*  
And some with symbols, signs, and tricks,  
Engraved in planetary nicks,  
With their own influences will fetch them  
Down from their orbs, arrest and catch them.  
*Hud.*  
This nick of time is the critical occasion for the gain;  
*L'Estrange.*
2. A notch cut in any thing. [Corrupted from nick or notch.]
3. A score; a reckoning.  
Launce his man told me, he lov'd her art of all nick.  
*Shak.*
4. A winning throw. [Nick, Fr. a ludicrous trick.]  
Come, seven's the main,  
Cries Ganymede; the usual trick  
Seven, sur a fix, eleven a nick.  
*Prior.*
- To NICK, *v. a.* [from the noun.]
1. To hit; to touch luckily; to perform by some slight artifice used at the lucky moment.  
Is not the winding up of witts  
A nicking more than half the business?  
*Hudibras, p. ii.*  
The just season of doing things must be nick'd, and all accidents improved.  
*L'Estrange, Fable 38.*  
Take away passion while it is predominant and situate, and just in the critical height of its nick it with some lucky or unlucky word, and you may certainly over-rule it.  
*South.*
2. To cut in nicks or notches.  
*His*

## NIG

- His beard they have fing'd off with brands of fire;  
And ever as it blaz'd they threw on him  
Great pails of puddled mire to quench the hair.  
My master preaches patience, and the while  
His man with scissars nicks him like a fool.  
*Shakesfear.*  
Breaks watchmen's heads, and chairmen's gnailes,  
And thence proceeds to nicking falshes.  
*Prior.*
3. To suit, as talles cut in nicks.  
Words nicking and resembling one another, are applicable to different significations.  
*Camden's Remains.*
4. To defeat or cozen, as at dice; to disappoint by some trick or unexpected turn.  
Why should he follow you?  
The itch of his affection should not then  
Have nick'd his captainship, at such a point.  
*Shakesfear.*  
NICKNAMES, *n. f.* [from de vique, French.] A name given in scorn or contempt; a term of derision; an opprobrious or contemptuous appellation.  
The time was when men were had in price for learning; now letters only make men vile. He is upbraidingly called a poet, as if it were a contemptible nickname.  
*Ben. Johnson.*  
My mortal enemy hath not only fallily furnished me to be a feigned person, giving me nicknames, but also hath offered large sums of money to corrupt the princes with whom I have been retained.  
*Bacon's Hen. VII.*  
So long as her tongue was at liberty, there was not a word to be got from her, but the same nickname in derision.  
*L'Estrange.*
- To NICKNAME, *v. a.* To call by an opprobrious appellation.  
For virtue's office never breaks men's troth.  
*Shakesf.*  
Less seem these facts which treasons nickname force,  
Than such a fear'd ability for more.  
*Denham.*
- To NICKTATE, *v. a.* [nick, Latin.] To wink.  
There are several parts peculiar to brutes, which are wanting in man; as the seventh or suspensory muscle of the eye, the nictating membrane, and the strong aponeuroses on the sides of the neck.  
*Roy.*
- NICE, *n. f.* [nick, Lat.] A brood; as, a nide of pheasants.  
NIDDER, *n. f.* [corrupted from niding or niding.] The opprobrious term with which the man was anciently branded who refused to come to the royal standard in times of exigency.  
*Camden.*  
There was one true English word of greater force than them all, now out of all use; it signifieth no more than abject, baseminded, false-hearted, coward, or nidget.  
*Camden.*
- NIDIFICATION, *n. f.* [nidificatio, Latin.] The act of building nests.  
That place, and that method of nidification, doth abundantly answer the creature's occasions.  
*Derham.*
- NIDING, *adj.* [from nide, Saxon, violence.]  
Niding, an old English word signifying abject, base-minded, false-hearted, coward, or nidget.  
*Carew.*
- NIDROUS, *adj.* [nidreus, from nider.] Resembling the smell or taste of roasted fat.  
Incense and nidreous smells, such as of sacrifices, were thought to intoxicate the brain, and to dispose men to devotion; which they may do by a kind of contrition of the spirits, and partly also by heating and exalting them.  
*Bac.*  
The signs of the functions of the stomach being depraved, are eructations either with the taste of the aliment, acid, nidreous, or fatid, resembling the taste of rotten eggs.  
*Arbutnot on Aliments.*
- NIDROUSITY, *n. f.* [from nidreous.] Eructation with the taste of undigested food-meat.  
The cure of this nidreosity is, by vomiting and purging.  
*Floyer on the Humours.*
- NIDULATION, *n. f.* [nidular, Latin.] The time of remaining in the nest.  
The ground of this popular practice might be the common opinion concerning the virtue prognostic of these birds, the natural regard they have unto the winds, and they unto them again, more especially remarkable in the time of their nidulation, and bringing forth their young.  
*Brown's V. Err.*
- NIDRE, *n. f.* [nide, Saxon, French; neptis, Latin.] The daughter of a brother or sister.  
My nice Plantagenet,  
Led in the hand of her kind aunt of Gloster.  
*Sh. R. III.*  
While he thus his nice belows,  
About our life he builds a wall.  
*Waller.*
- NITGGARD, *n. f.* [nigger, Islandick.] A miser; a curmudgeon; a fardid, avaricious, parcimonious fellow.  
If thou do, then let thy bed be turned from fine gravel to weeds or mud. If thou do, let some unjust niggards make wares to spoil thy beauty.  
*Shakesf. Macbeth.*  
Be not a niggard of your speech.  
*Milton's Poem.*  
Scree him as a grudging matter,  
As a penurious niggard of his wealth.  
*Pope on Crit.*  
Be niggards of advice on no pretence;  
For the worst avarice is that of sense.
- NIGGARD, *adj.*  
1. Sordid; avaricious; parcimonious.

## NIG

- One she found  
With all the gifts of bounteous nature crown'd,  
Of gentle blood; but one whole niggard fate  
Had let him far below her high estate.  
*Dryden.*
2. Sparing; wary.  
Most free of question, but to our demands  
Niggard in his reply.  
*Shakesfear's Hamlet.*  
To NIGGARD, *v. a.* [from the noun.] To stint.  
The deep of night is crept upon our talk,  
And nature must obey necessity;  
Which we will niggard with a little rest.  
*Shakesfear.*
- NIGGARDISH, *adj.* [from niggard.] Having some disposition to avarice.  
NIGGARDLINESS, *n. f.* [from niggardly.] Avarice; sordid parcimony.  
Niggardliness is not good husbandry, nor generosity, profusion.  
*Addison's Spectator, N<sup>o</sup>. 443.*
- NIGGARDLY, *adj.* [from niggard.]
1. Avaricious; sordidly parcimonious.  
Where the owner of the house will be bountiful, it is not for the steward to be niggardly.  
*Hall.*  
Love is like a penurious god, very niggardly of his opportunities: he must be watched like a hard-hearted treasurer.  
*Dryden's Spanish Friar.*  
Why are we so niggardly to stop at one fifth? Why do we not raise it one full moiety, and thereby double our money?  
*Locke.*
- Providence not niggardly but wise,  
Here lavishly bestows, and there denies,  
That by each other's virtues we may rise.  
*Gronov.*  
Tiberius was noted for his niggardly temper; he used only to give to his attendants their diet.  
*Arbutnot on Cato.*
2. Sparing; wary.  
I know your mind, and I will satisfy it; neither will I do it like a niggardly answerer, going no farther than the bounds of the question.  
*Sidney.*
- NIGGARDLY, *adv.* Sparingly; parcimoniously.  
I have long loved her, followed her, ingross'd opportunities to meet her; feed every slight occasion that could but niggardly give me sight of her.  
*Shakesf. M. W. of Windsor.*
- NIGGARDNESS, *n. f.* [from niggard.] Avarice; sordid parcimony.  
All preparations, both for food and lodgings, such as would make one detest niggardness, it is so flutish a vice.  
*Sidney.*
- NIGH, *prep.* [nig, Saxon.] At no great distance from.  
They thence  
Stars distant, but nigh hand seem'd other worlds.  
*Milton.*  
Nigh this recess, with terror they survey,  
Where death maintains his dread tyrannic sway.  
*Garth.*
- NIGH, *adv.*
1. Not at a great distance.  
The day of the Lord cometh, for it is nigh at hand.  
*Jo. ii. 1.*  
He was sick nigh unto death.  
*Phil. ii. 27.*
2. To a place near.  
He drew nigh, and to me held,  
Evn to my mouth, of that same fruit held part  
Which he had pluck'd.  
*Milton's Paradise Lost, b. v.*  
I will defer that anxious thought,  
And death, by fear, shall not be nigh brought.  
*Dryden.*
- NIGH, *adj.*
1. Near; not distant; not remote.  
The loud tumult shews the battle nigh.  
*Prior.*
2. Allied closely by blood.  
He committed the protection of his son Alances to two of his nigh kinsmen and assured friends.  
*Knolles.*  
His uncle or uncle's son, or any that is nigh of kin unto him of his family, may redeem him.  
*Lev. xxv. 49.*  
His sister a virgin, that is nigh unto him.  
*Lev. xxi. 3.*
- To NIGH, *v. n.* [from the participle.] To approach; to advance; to draw near.  
Now day is done, and night is nighing fast.  
*Hubberd.*
- NIGHLY, *adv.* [from nigh the adjective.] Nearly; within a little.  
A man born blind, now adult, was taught by his touch to distinguish between a cube and a sphere of the same metal, and nighly of the same bigness.  
*Locke.*
- NIGHNESS, *n. f.* [from nigh.] Nearness; proximity.  
NIGHT, *n. f.* [from night, Gothick; nite, Saxon; nuit, Fr.]
1. The time of darkness; the time from sun-set to sun-rise.  
The duke of Cornwall, and Regan his dutches, will be here this night.  
*Shakesfear's K. Lear.*  
In the morning he shall devour the prey, and at night divide the spoil.  
*Gen. xlix. 27.*  
Pharaoh rose up in the night.  
They did eat and drink, and tarried all night.  
*Exodus xii. 30.*  
Let them sleep, let them sleep on,  
Till this stormy night be gone,  
And th' eternal morrow dawn,  
Then the curtains will be drawn;  
And they waken with that light,  
Whose day shall never sleep in night.  
*Gen. xxiv. 54.*